
Energy Expenditure Working Group

Fall 2013

Outline

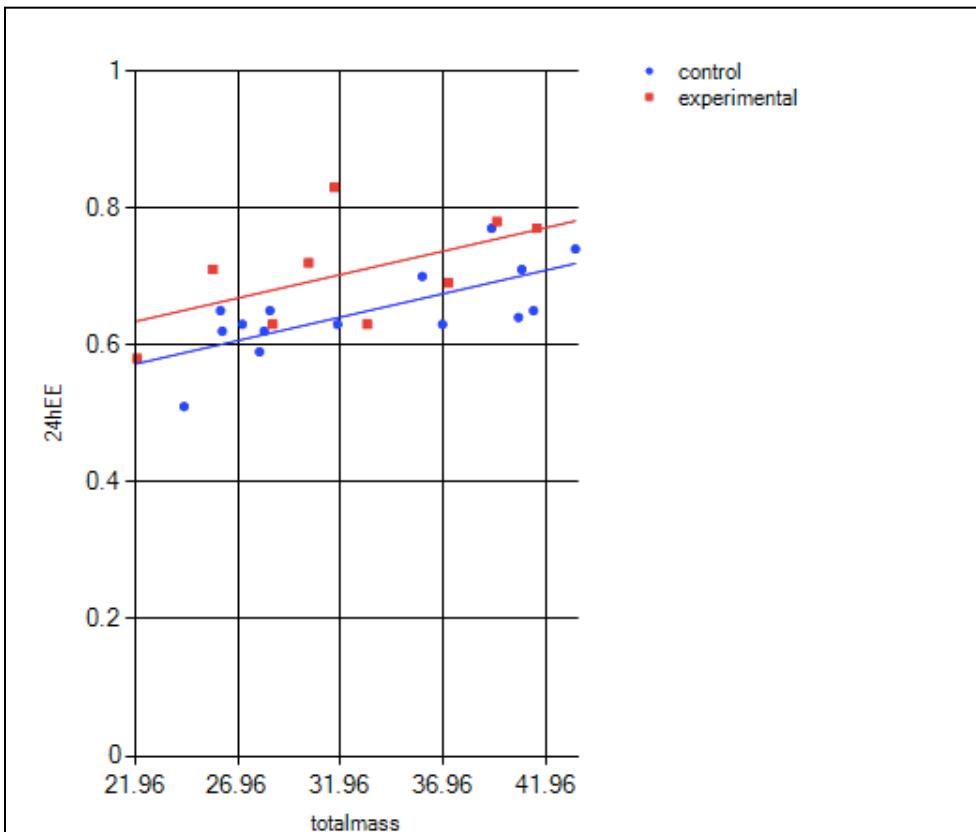
- **Statistical Analysis**
- **Comparison Across Centers and platforms**
 - **Phase 1**
 - **Phase 2**
- **Discussion**

Statistical Analysis

■ ANCOVA

- Web Portal (**Done!!** For one covariate)
- Vignettes to use portal (nearly ready)
- User friendly annotation

Example (no interaction)



Example (no interaction)

Program= MMPC Multiple Linear Regression Output					
Datafile=EE_mass_dataset1.csv					
Response Variable=24hEE					
Covariate=totalmass					
Grouping Variable=group					
The interaction totalmass:group is NOT significant. (p=0.8411)					
24 total cases. control = 15, experimental = 9					
R Squared = 49.7074	Adjusted R Square = 44.9176				
Residual Standard Error 0.0547 with 21 degrees of freedom					
Source	Sum of Squares	df	MeanSquare	F-ratio	P value
Regression	0.0620348	2	0.0310174	10.3778	0.000734168
Residual	0.0627652	21	0.00298882		

Example (no interaction)

Variables	Estimate	StdError	P Value
(Intercept)	0.42146	0.0604312	6.90362E-07
totalmass	0.00685637	0.00176798	0.000869213
group	0.0620802	0.0231209	0.0138621

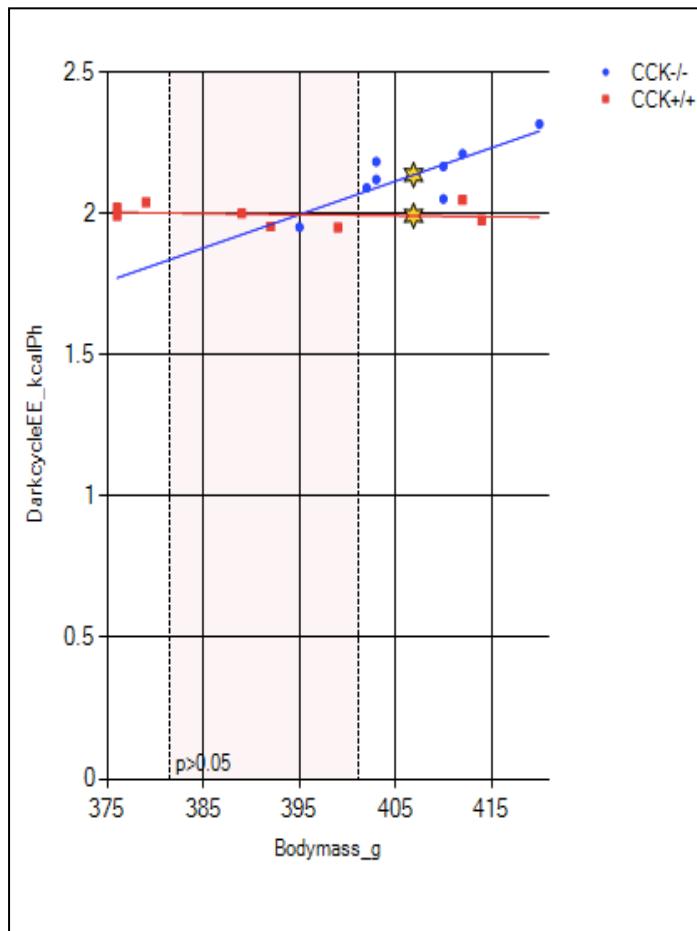
Basic Statistics - Avg (StDev)

Groups	control	experimental
24hEE	0.65 (0.06)	0.7 (0.077)
totalmass	33.24 (6.476)	32.22 (6.028)

Model-based Statistics - Avg 24hEE (StErr)

	Groups		
Used: totalmass	control	experimental	P value
Overall Mean	0.65 (0.014)	0.71 (0.018)	0.01386
Group Mean	0.65 (0.014)	0.7 (0.018)	0.02625
Residual Variance	0.00212	0.00501	

Interaction



Phase 1

- Comparison between platforms
 - TSE (Pennington)
 - Promethion (Vanderbilt)
 - CLAMS (Yale)
 - Analysis (Rob Podolsky)
 - Low fat diet
 - EE assessed at 2 10 and 20 weeks
 - Phase Study completed with analysis March/April 2014

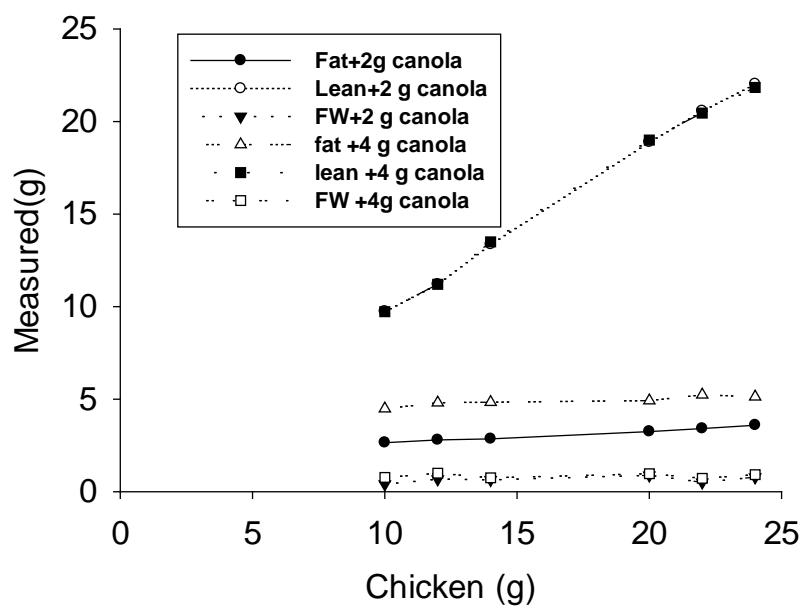
Phase 2

- All Centers
 - Low and high fat diet
- Start Spring 2014

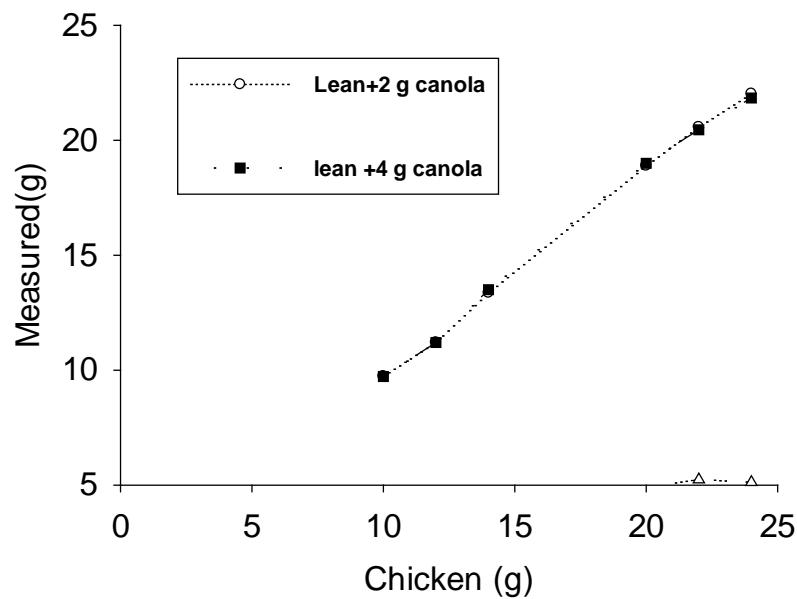
Challenges

- Coordination of orders
- Body composition (calibration)

Impact of adiposity on estimates Lean Mass



Expanded scale of left slide



Conclusion

- The relationship between adiposity and canola mass is linear (slope=0.95) and line intersects near zero
- The relationship between lean mass and lean chicken is linear (slope=0.92) and line intersects above zero (0.25) (may be an issue for small mice)
- Lean chicken has some fat tissue in it (7.8% adiposity) (may explain why slope for lean body mass is not =1)
- Varying adiposity (add canola oil) does not alter the measurement of lean body mass

Questions/Discussion
